	1Aly Pennucci 2LEG Evictions in Winter ORD 3D2b							
	1 CITY OF SEATTLE							
	ORDINANCE							
	COUNCIL BILL							
	4title 5AN ORDINANCE relating to termination of residential rental tenancies; prohibiting evictions 6 in winter months; and amending Section 22.206.160 of the Seattle Municipal Code. 7body 8WHEREAS, on November 2, 2015, the Mayor issued a Civil Emergency to address the							
1	homelessness crisis in the City of Seattle; and OWHEREAS, on November 3, 2015, the City Council adopted Resolution 31630, ratifying and							
1	confirming the Mayoral Proclamation of Civil Emergency; and 2WHEREAS, in September 2018, the Seattle Women's Commission and the King County Bar							
1	Association jointly published Losing Home: The Human Cost of Eviction in Seattle,							
1	finding that households who are evicted face material hardships that make it more							
1	difficult to secure safe and affordable housing and that the most disadvantaged groups							
1 1	face the highest likelihood of eviction; and WHEREAS, the <i>Losing Home</i> report found that most evicted respondents became homeless,							
1	with 37.5 percent completely unsheltered, 25.0 percent living in a shelter or transitional							
1	housing, and 25.0 percent staying with family or friends. Only 12.5 percent of evicted							
2	respondents found another apartment or home to move into; and IWHEREAS, in 2018, the King County Medical Examiner's Office (KCMEO) investigated the							
2	deaths of 194 individuals presumed to be homeless. This represents 25 more deaths							
2. 2.	than investigated in 2017; and WHEREAS, people experiencing homelessness have a much higher risk than the general							
2	population of developing exposure-related conditions. The KCMEO 2018 investigation							
2	found that over half (n=107) of presumed homeless deaths investigated occurred							
2	outside and that approximately 62 percent (n=121) of presumed homeless deaths							

79 partner. There is a rebuttable presumption of a violation of this subsection 22,206,160.C.1.e if 80the owner or a member of the owner's immediate family fails to occupy the unit as that person's 8 principal residence for at least 60 consecutive days during the 90 days immediately after the 82tenant vacated the unit pursuant to a notice of termination or eviction using this subparagraph 8Bas the cause for eviction: 84 f. The owner elects to sell a single-family dwelling unit and gives the 85tenant at least 90 days' written notice prior to the date set for vacating, which date shall 86coincide with the end of the term of a rental agreement, or if the agreement is month to month, 87 with the last day of a monthly period. The Director may reduce the time required to give notice 88to no less than 60 days if the Director determines that providing 90 days' notice will result in a 89personal hardship to the owner. Personal hardship may include but is not limited to hardship 90 caused by illness or accident, unemployment, or job relocation. For the purposes of this Section 9122.206.160, an owner "elects to sell" when the owner makes reasonable attempts to sell the 92dwelling within 30 days after the tenant has vacated, including, at a minimum, listing it for sale 9Bat a reasonable price with a realty agency or advertising it for sale at a reasonable price in a 94newspaper of general circulation. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the owner did 95not intend to sell the unit if: 96 1) Within 30 days after the tenant has vacated, the owner does 97not list the single-family dwelling unit for sale at a reasonable price with a realty agency or 9\(\text{Badvertise}\) it for sale at a reasonable price in a newspaper of general circulation, or 99 2) Within 90 days after the date the tenant vacated or the date the 100 property was listed for sale, whichever is later, the owner withdraws the rental unit from the 10 market, rents the unit to someone other than the former tenant, or otherwise indicates that the 102 owner does not intend to sell the unit:

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10	g. The tenant's occupancy is conditioned upon employment on the							
104 10!	4property and the employment relationship is terminated; h. The owner seeks to do substantial rehabilitation in the building;							
100	6provided that, the owner must obtain a tenant relocation license if required by Chapter 22.210							
10'	7 and at least one permit necessary for the rehabilitation, other than a Master Use Permit, before							
108 109	Bterminating the tenancy; i. The owner (i) elects to demolish the building, convert it to a							
110	10cooperative, or convert it to a nonresidential use; provided that, the owner must obtain a tenant							
11	11relocation license if required by Chapter 22.210 and a permit necessary to demolish or change							
112	12the use before terminating any tenancy, or (ii) converts the building to a condominium							
11¦ 11₄	13provided the owner complies with the provisions of Sections 22.903.030 and 22.903.035;  14 j. The owner seeks to discontinue use of a housing unit unauthorized by							
11!	Title 23 after receipt of a notice of violation. The owner is required to pay relocation assistance							
110	Sto the tenant(s) of each such unit at least two weeks prior to the date set for termination of the							
11' 118	7tenancy, at the rate of: 1) \$2,000 for a tenant household with an income during the past							
11! 120	1912 months at or below 50 percent of the County median income, or 2) Two months' rent for a tenant household with an income							
12: 12:	21during the past 12 months above 50 percent of the County median income; 22 k. The owner seeks to reduce the number of individuals residing in a							
12	28dwelling unit to comply with the maximum limit of individuals allowed to occupy one							
124 125 120								
12'	7lawful under the current version of Title 23 but was lawful under Title 23 or Title 24 on August							
	310, 1994;							
130	30consent of the owner at any time after August 10, 1994; and							

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13	c) The owner is either unwilling or unable to obtain a						
13; 13;	2permit to allow the unit with that number of residents. 2) The owner has served the tenants with a 30 day notice,						
134	tinforming the tenants that the number of tenants exceeds the legal limit and must be reduced to						
13! 13(	5the legal limit, 3) After expiration of the 30 day notice, the owner has served the						
13'	tenants with and the tenants have failed to comply with a ten day notice to comply with the						
138 139	Blimit on the number of occupants or vacate, and 4) If there is more than one rental agreement for the unit, the						
140	Downer may choose which agreements to terminate; provided that, the owner may either						
14	Iterminate no more than the minimum number of rental agreements necessary to comply with						
14	2the legal limit on the number of occupants, or, at the owner's option, terminate only those						
143	Bagreements involving the minimum number of occupants necessary to comply with the legal						
144 145 140							
14	reside in one dwelling unit to comply with the legal limit after receipt of a notice of violation						
148	Bof the Title 23 restriction on the number of individuals allowed to reside in a dwelling unit,						
149 150	Pand:  a) The owner has served the tenants with a 30 day notice,						
15	linforming the tenants that the number of tenants exceeds the legal limit and must be reduced to						
15	2the legal limit; provided that, no 30 day notice is required if the number of tenants was						
15. 15.	Bincreased above the legal limit without the knowledge or consent of the owner; b) After expiration of the 30 day notice required by						
15	Ssubsection 22.206.160.1.1.a above, or at any time after receipt of the notice of violation if no						
150	630 day notice is required pursuant to subsection 22.206.160.1.1.a, the owner has served the						

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182 n. An emergency order requiring that the housing unit be vacated and 18\( \text{Sclosed} \) has been issued pursuant to Section 22.206.260 and the emergency conditions identified 184in the order have not been corrected; 185 o. The owner seeks to discontinue sharing with a tenant of the owner's 186own housing unit, i.e., the unit in which the owner resides, seeks to terminate the tenancy of a 187tenant of an accessory dwelling unit authorized pursuant to Sections 23.44.041 and 23.45.545 188that is accessory to the housing unit in which the owner resides, or seeks to terminate the 189tenancy of a tenant in a single-family dwelling unit and the owner resides in an accessory 190dwelling unit on the same lot. This subsection 22.206.160.C.1.0 does not apply if the owner 19th has received a notice of violation of the development standards of Section 23.44.041. If the 192 owner has received such a notice of violation, subsection 22.206.160.C.1.m applies; 193 p. A tenant, or with the consent of the tenant, the tenant's subtenant, 194sublessee, resident, or guest, has engaged in criminal activity on the premises, or on the 195property or public right-of-way abutting the premises, and the owner has specified in the notice 196 of termination the crime alleged to have been committed and the general facts supporting the 197 allegation, and has assured that the Seattle Department of Construction and Inspections has 198 recorded receipt of a copy of the notice of termination. For purposes of this subsection 19\$22.206.160.C.1.p, a person has "engaged in criminal activity" if ((he or she)) the person: 200 1) Engages in drug-related activity that would constitute a 201 violation of chapters 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, or 202 2) Engages in activity that is a crime under the laws of this state, 20\( \text{but only if the activity substantially affects the health or safety of other tenants or the owner. 204 2. Any rental agreement provision which waives or purports to waive any right, 205benefit or entitlement created by this subsection 22.206.160.C shall be deemed void and of no 206lawful force or effect.

207 3. With any termination notices required by law, owners terminating any 208tenancy protected by this Section 22.206.160 shall advise the affected tenant or tenants in 209writing of the reasons for the termination and the facts in support of those reasons. 4. If a tenant who has received a notice of termination of tenancy claiming 210 21\(\text{subsection}\) 22.206.160.C.1.e, 22.206.160.C.1.f, or 22.206.160.C.1.m as the ground for 212termination believes that the owner does not intend to carry out the stated reason for eviction 21Band makes a complaint to the Director, then the owner must, within ten days of being notified 214by the Director of the complaint, complete and file with the Director a certification stating the 215owner's intent to carry out the stated reason for the eviction. The failure of the owner to 216complete and file such a certification after a complaint by the tenant shall be a defense for the 217 tenant in an eviction action based on this ground. 218 5. In any action commenced to evict or to otherwise terminate the tenancy of 219any tenant, it shall be a defense to the action that there was no just cause for such eviction or 220termination as provided in this Section 22.206.160. 221 6. It shall be a violation of this Section 22.206.160 for any owner to evict or 222 attempt to evict any tenant or otherwise terminate or attempt to terminate the tenancy of any 22\(\frac{1}{2}\)tenant using a notice which references subsections 22.206.160.C.1.e, 22.206.160.C.1.f, 22\frac{422.206.160.C.1.h, 22.206.160.C.1.k, 22.206.160.C.1.l, or 22.206.160.C.1.m as grounds for 225eviction or termination of tenancy without fulfilling or carrying out the stated reason for or 226condition justifying the termination of such tenancy. 7. An owner who evicts or attempts to evict a tenant or who terminates or 227 228attempts to terminate the tenancy of a tenant using a notice which references subsections 22\$22.206.160.C.1.e, 22.206.160.C.1.f or 22.206.160.C.1.h as the ground for eviction or 230termination of tenancy without fulfilling or carrying out the stated reason for or condition

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23	ljustifying the termination of such tenancy shall be liable to such tenant in a private right for							
23	Paction for damages up to \$2,000, costs of suit, or arbitration and reasonable attorney's fees.							

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23	3	Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by							
23	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it								
23	Sshall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.								
23	6	Passed by the City Council the day of, 2019,							
23	and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this day of								
23	8		2019.						
23	9								
24	þ			President	of the City Council				
24	1	Approved by me this	day	of	, 2019.				
24									
24	В			Jenny A. Durkan, Mayo	r				
24	4	Filed by me this	day of		2019				
		- Hed by Me and	day 01		, 2010.				
24	<b>5</b>								
24	6			Monica Martinez Simm	ons, City Clerk				
24	7(Seal)								